

Tevatron Transverse Dampers

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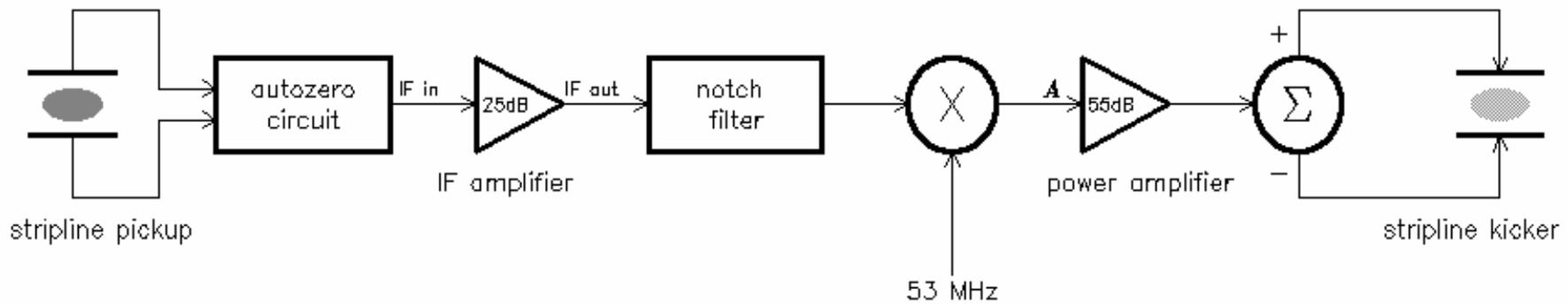
Instabilities

- Why dampers?
 - ▶ Original sources of transverse head-tail instabilities:
 - C0 and F0 lambertsons
 - C0 lambertson removed.
 - F0 lambertson metal liner to reduce impedance
 - ▶ Operate with low chromaticity
 - good lifetime
 - but unstable

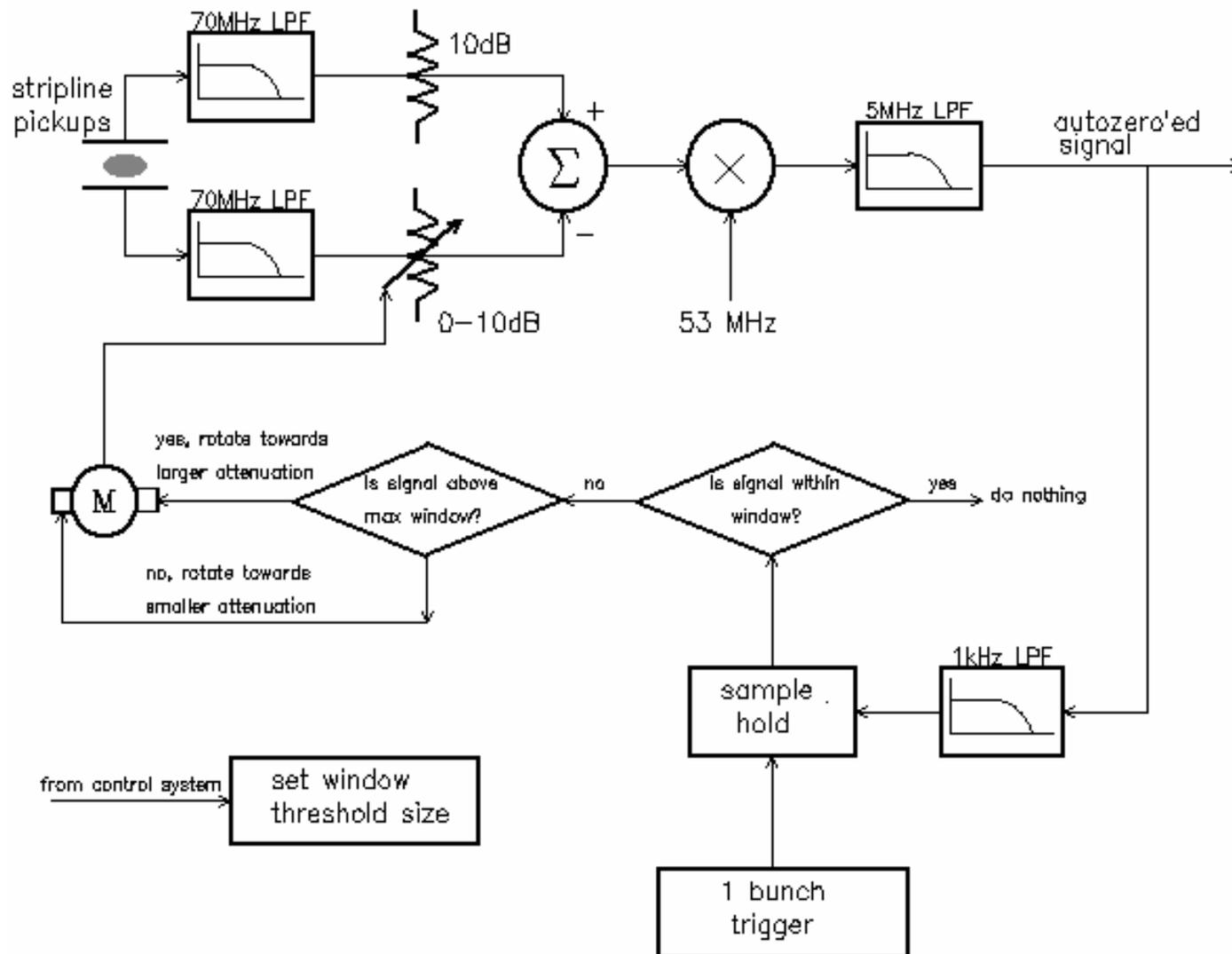
Goal of Transverse Dampers

- Enable running of Tevatron at low chromaticity between 2 to 4.
- Low chromaticity improves lifetime.
- Landau damping is weaker, so beam is unstable.

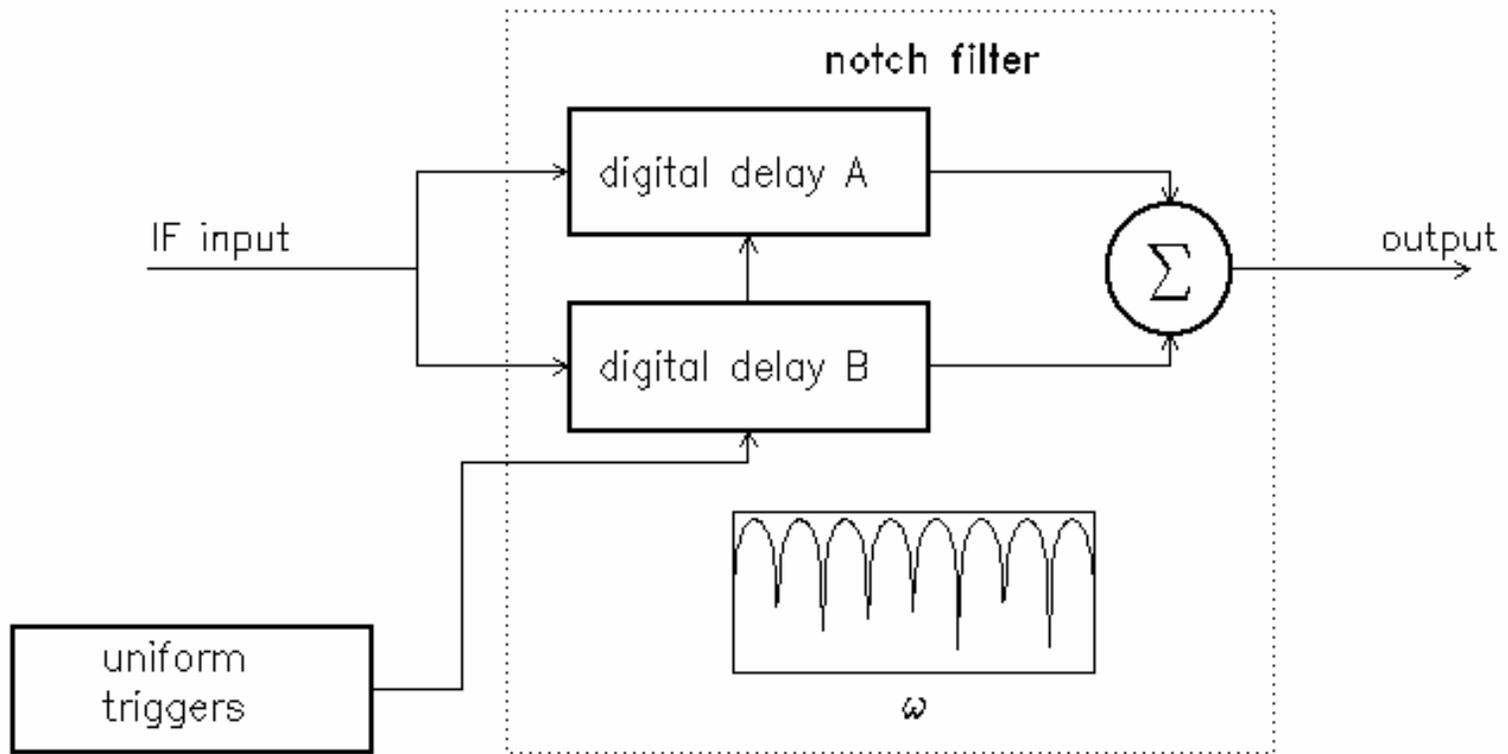
Transverse Dampers



Autozero Circuit



Notch Filter



Demonstration of Effect of Notch Filter

Date: 09-21-00 Time: 06:18 AM

TRACE A: Ch2 Spectrum

A Marker

1 006 962.5 Hz

-120.17 dBm

C Marker

1 006 962.5 Hz

-113.368 dBm

-16
dBm

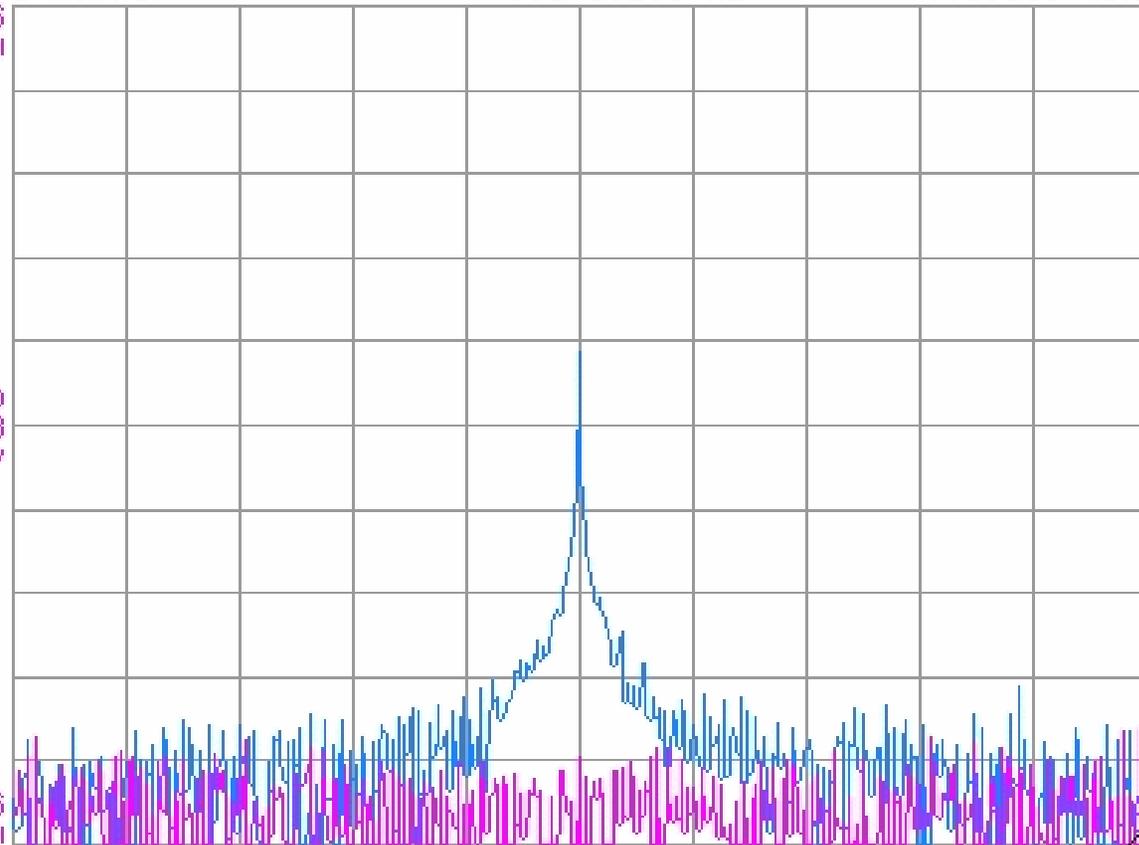
LogMag

10
dB
/div

-116
dBm

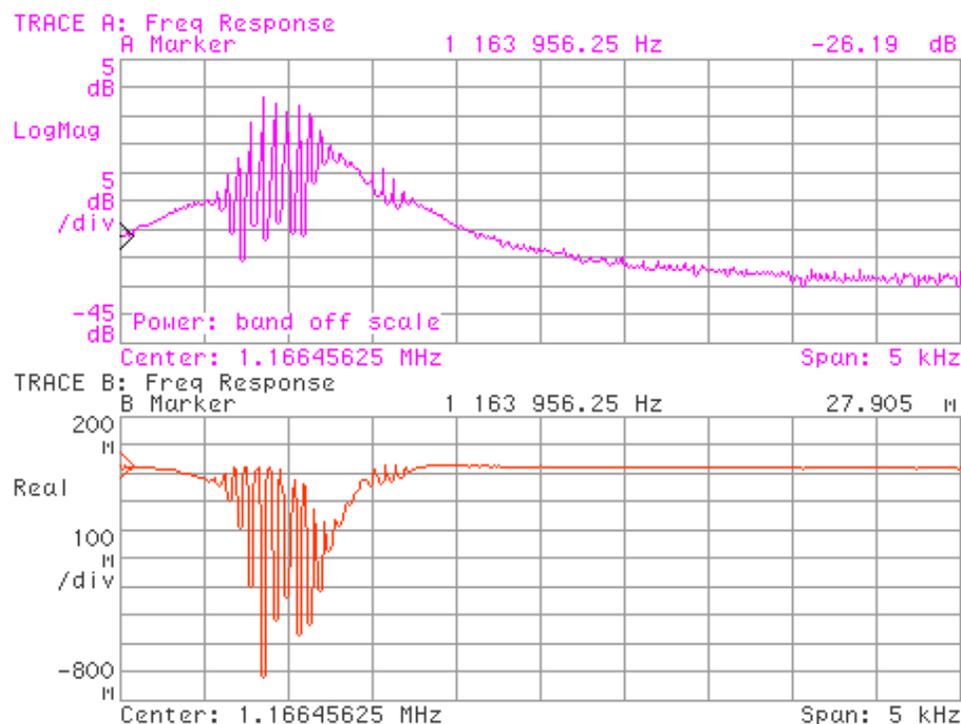
Center: 1.0019625 MHz

Span: 10 kHz

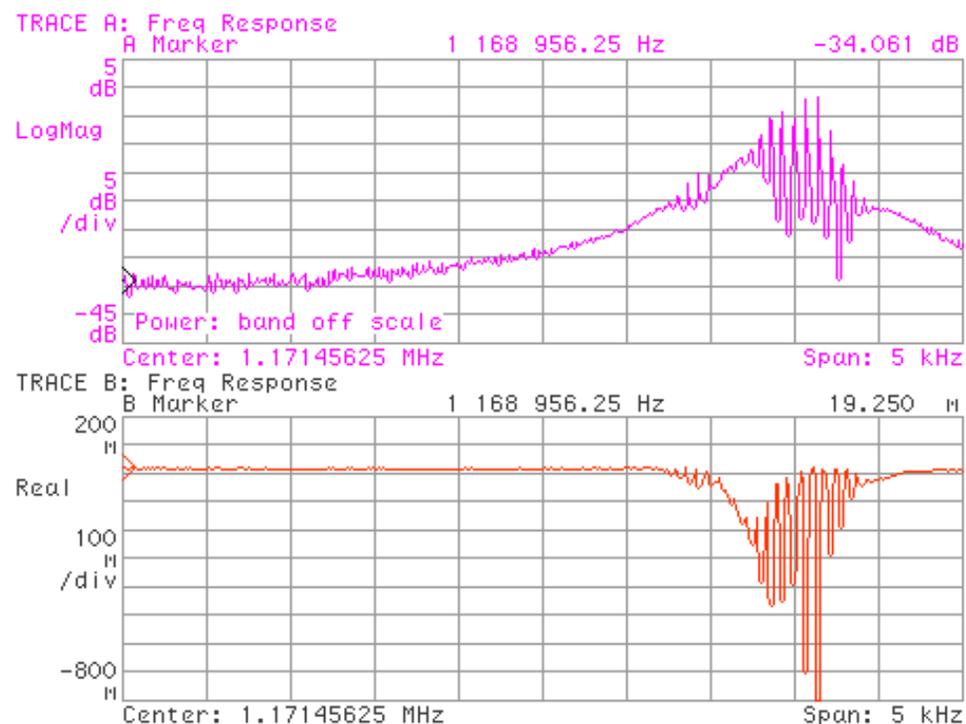


Open Loop Response with delay and phase advance correct

Date: 10-27-00 Time: 12:46 AM



Date: 10-27-00 Time: 12:47 AM

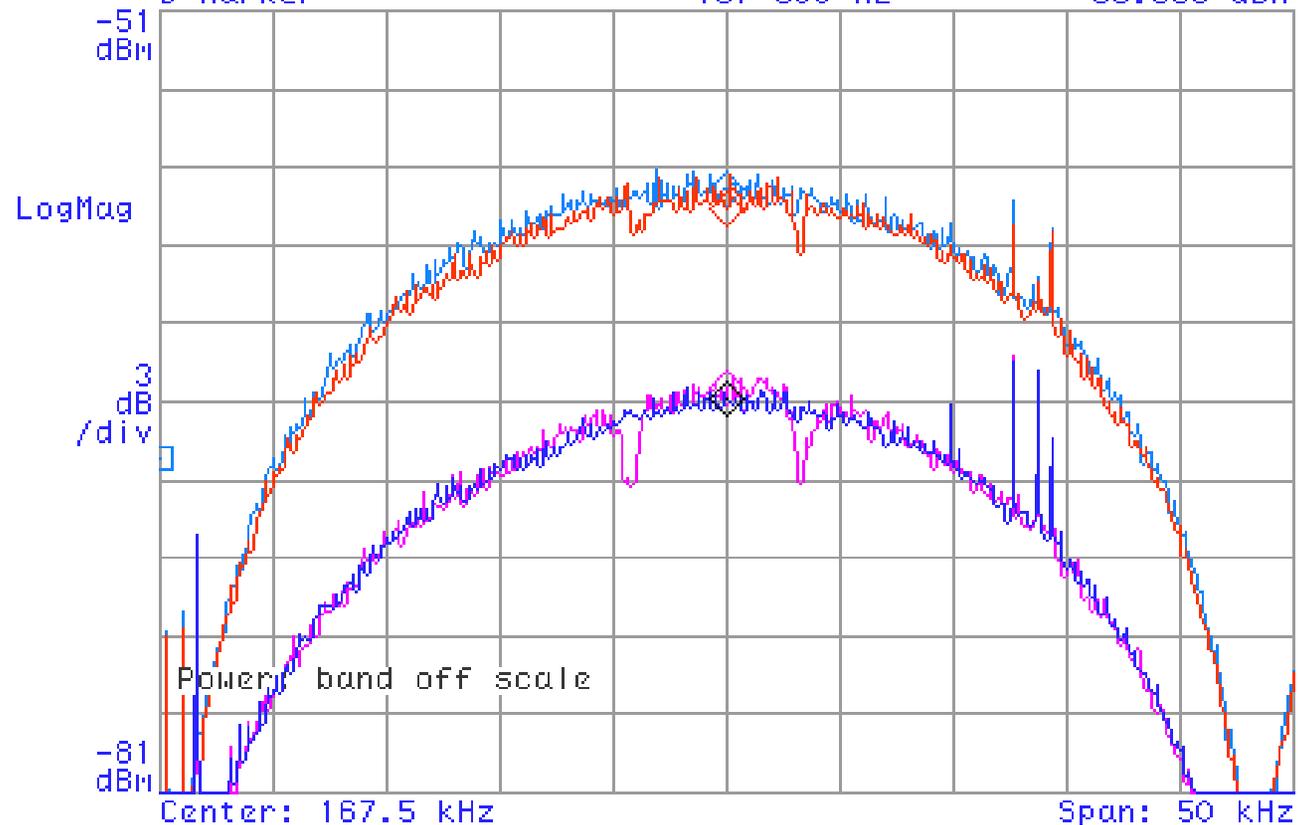


Transverse Damping

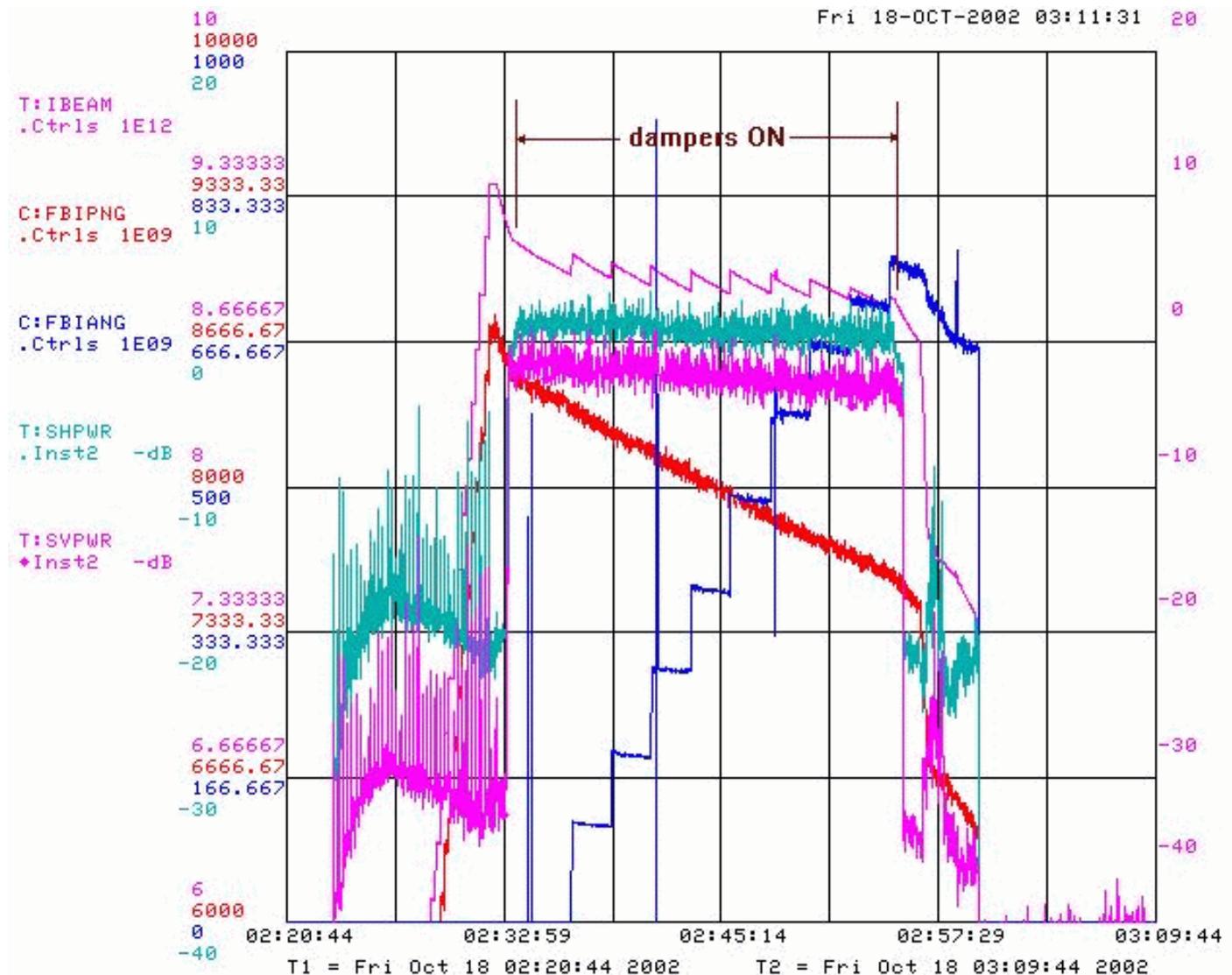
Date: 11-16-00 Time: 03:10 PM

TRACE D: D3 Spectrum

A Marker	167 500 Hz	-65.403 dBm
B Marker	167 500 Hz	-58.571 dBm
C Offset	25 000 Hz	10.281 dB
D Marker	167 500 Hz	-65.868 dBm



Improvements in Lifetime



When dampers fail

Date: 01-12-01 Time: 05:09 AM

TRACE A: Ch2 Spectrum

A Marker

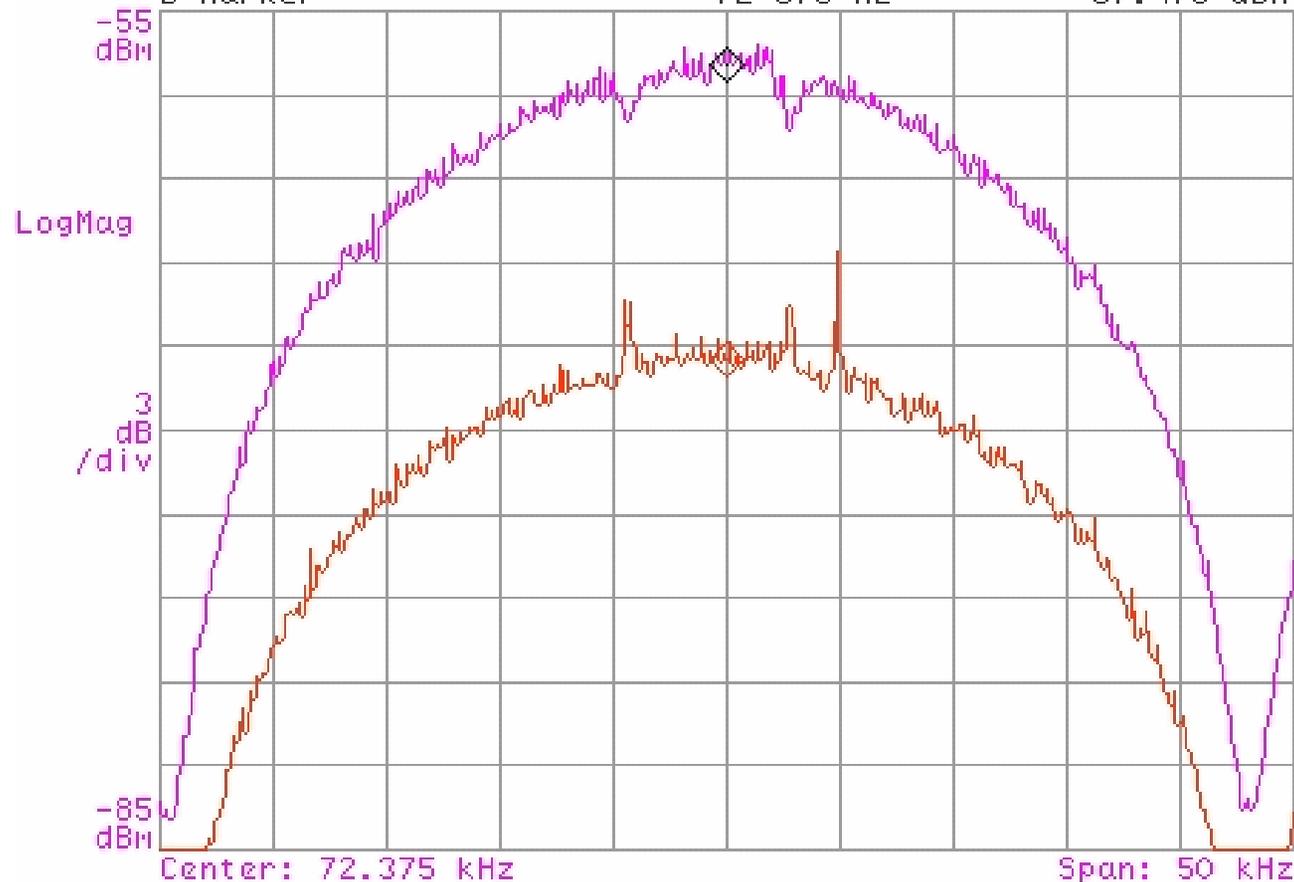
72 375 Hz

-56.92 dBm

B Marker

72 375 Hz

-67.475 dBm



Conclusion

- Transverse instability threshold for SINGLE bunch is improved after CO Lambertson removal, MULTIBUNCH after F0 Lambertson liner installed.
- Dampers:
 - ▶ Finicky - coupling is important.
 - ▶ When dampers are working, they work well.
- We are "on an edge of a knife. Stray but a little and it will fail to the ruin of all"