



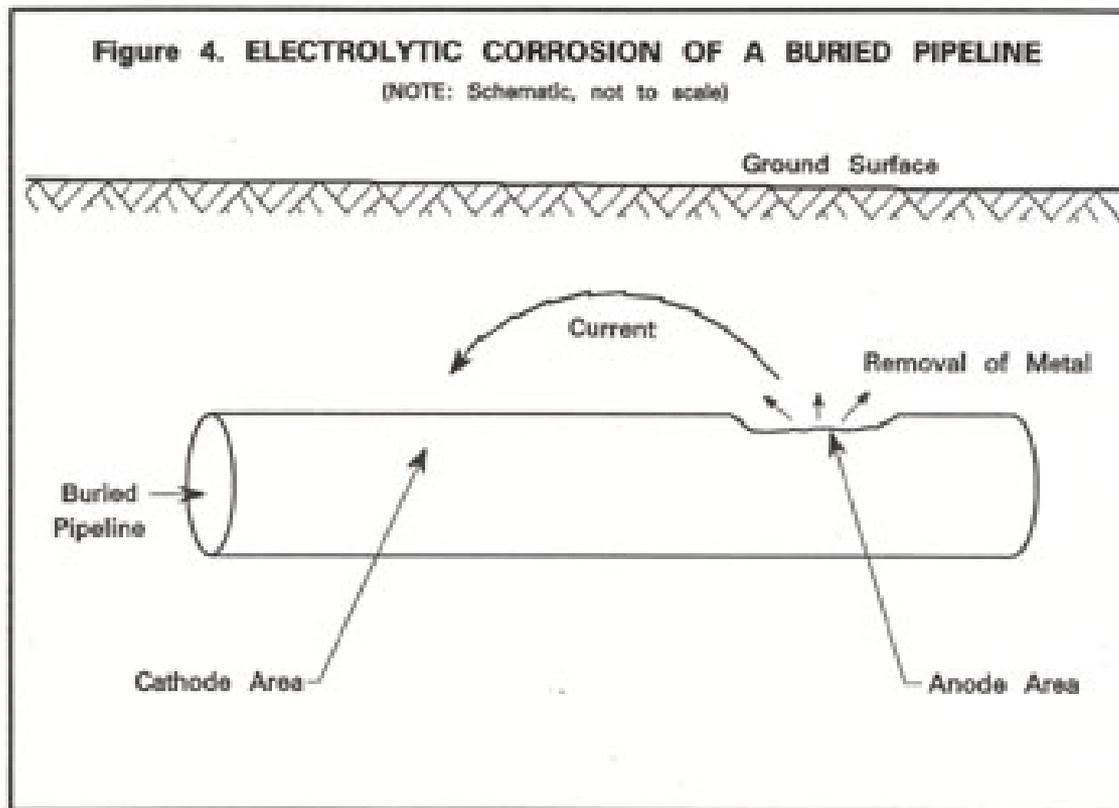
Switchyard Berm Pipe Cathodic Protection Status

Adam Watts

Weekly SY meeting

5 April 2016

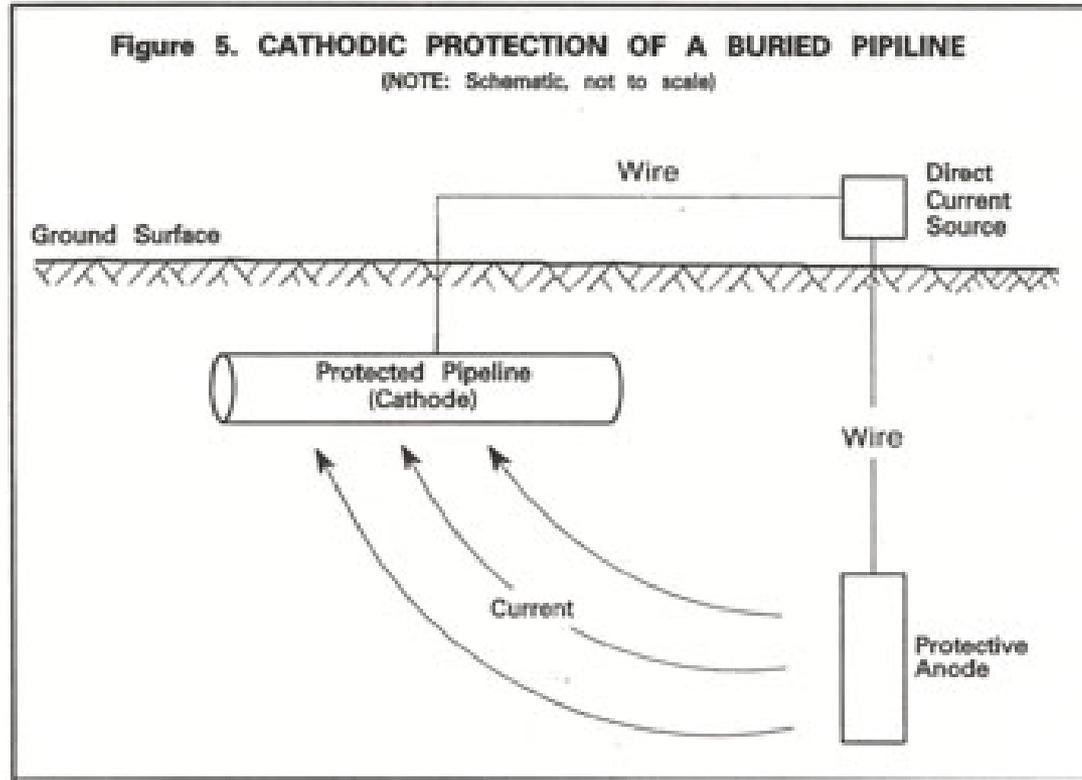
Berm Pipe Corrosion



Source: www.water.ca.gov

- Variation of salt concentration in soil/water create electric potential difference across surface of buried pipe.
- Current flow across potential difference causes electrolytic corrosion of metal.

Impressed-Current Cathodic Protection



Source: www.water.ca.gov

- By burying a metal material and connecting a DC current source between the pipe and new material, a permanent anode/cathode system is formed.
- The electric potential forced by the DC current source causes current to flow toward the pipe from the anode, preventing ions from leaving the pipe (corrosion)

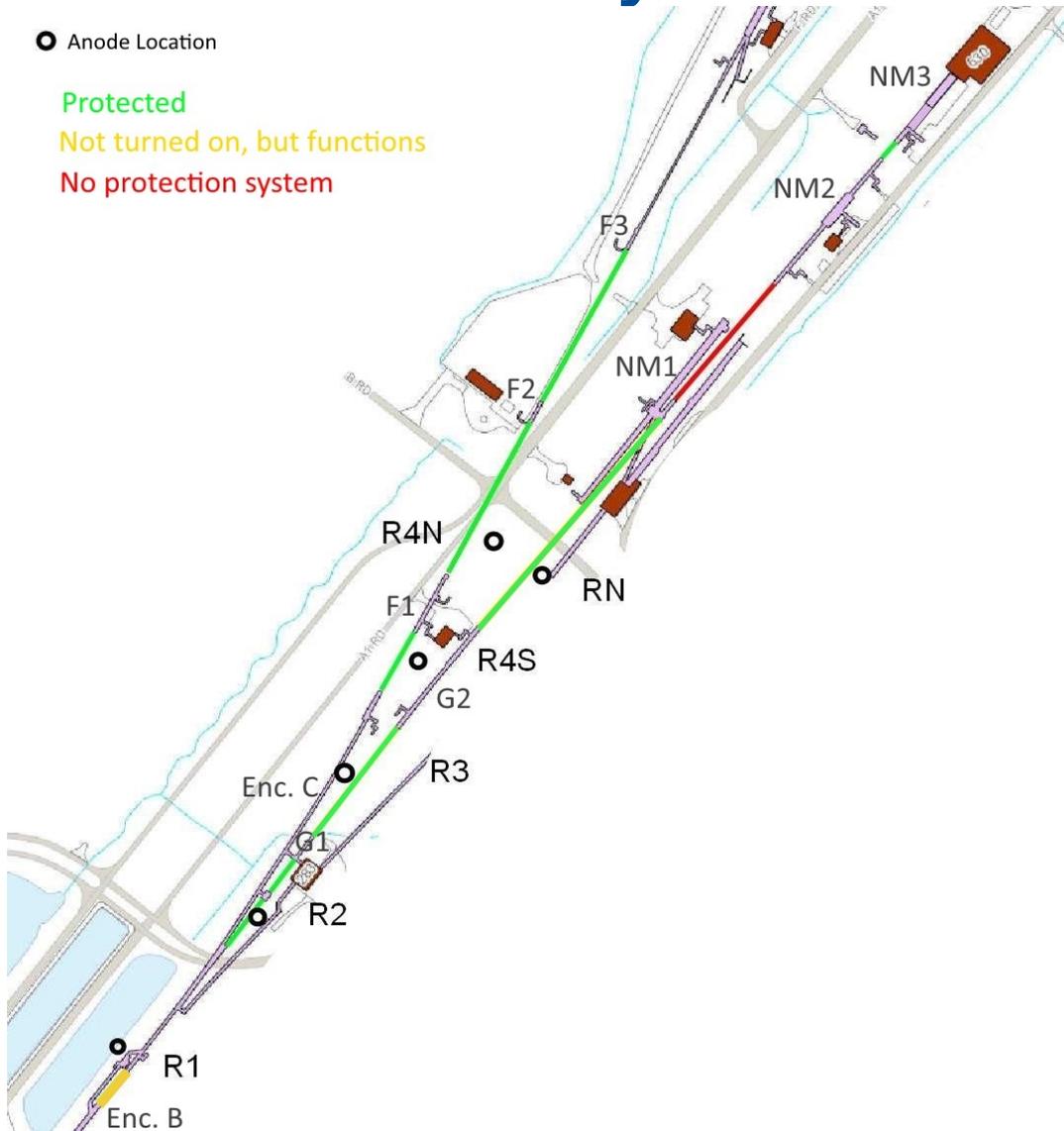
Status of Switchyard Berm Pipe Protection

○ Anode Location

Protected

Not turned on, but functions

No protection system

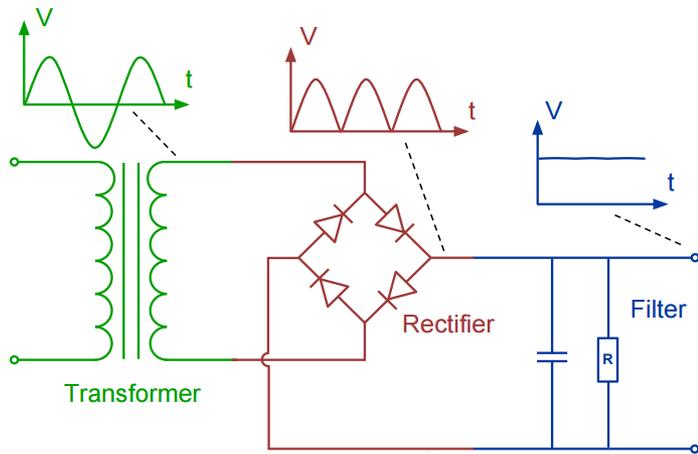


Rectifiers/Anodes:

- R1 (in Enc. B)
 - Enc. B- Enc. C
 - Enc. C- Enc. D
 - Concrete-encased pipe
- R2 (SSB)
 - Enc C. - G1
 - Enc D. - Enc. E
- R3 (SSB)
 - G1 - G2
- R4 (G2 service building)
 - Enc. C – F1 (R4S)
 - F1 – F2 (R4N)
 - F2 – F3 (R4N)
- RN (G2 service building)
 - G2 – NM1
 - Sleeved pipe
- Unprotected
 - NM1 - NM2

Source: Mike Geelhoed (adapted)

Rectifier DC Current Source



Source: Operations Concepts Rookie Book

Goal: monitor performance of CP system by measuring output current



Source: Mike Geelhoed (adapted)

Non-Invasive Anode Current Monitoring

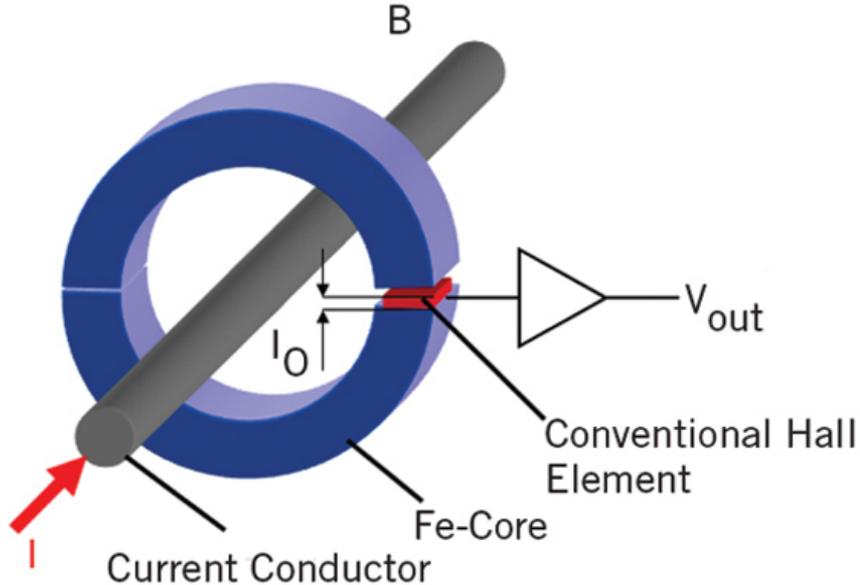


Fig. 3. Conventional Hall effect Current Sensor.

Source: www.powerelectronics.com

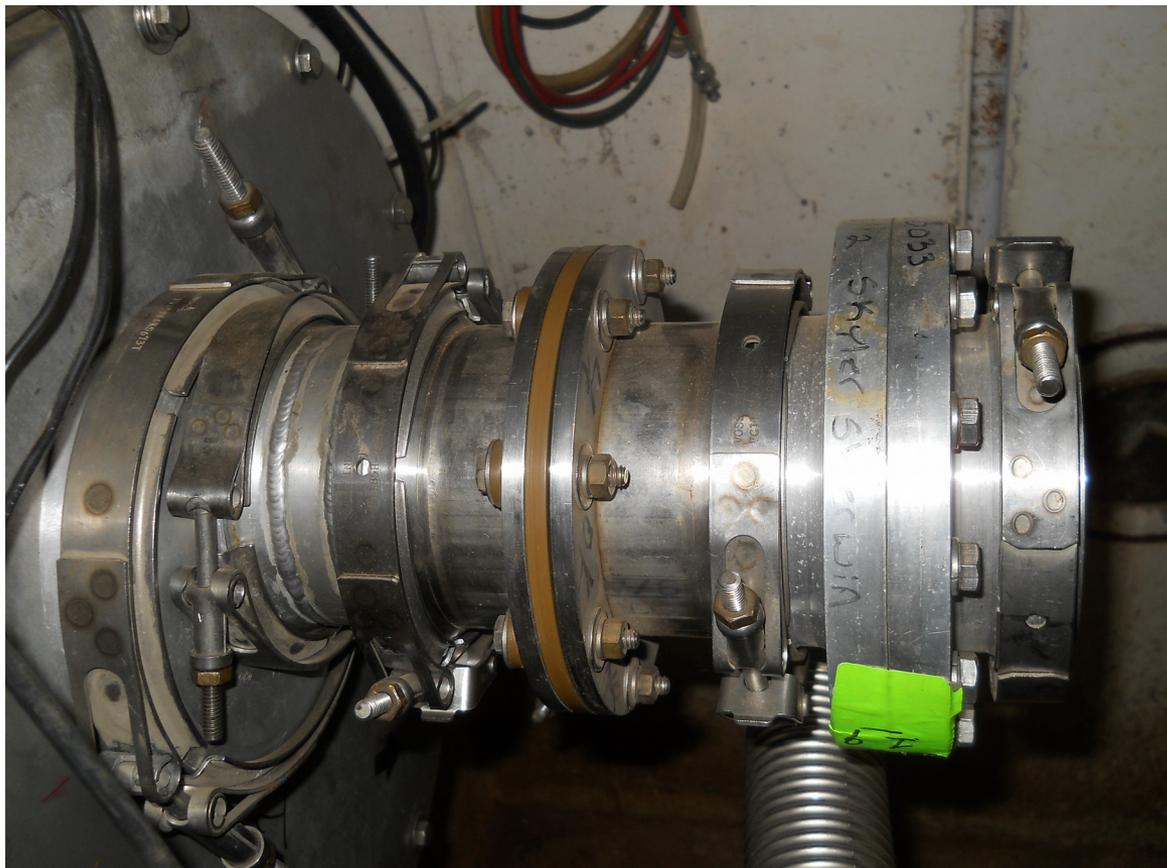
- Magnelab HCT-0010 sensor fits requirements
- Split-core, open-loop Hall effect sensor
- \$60 each

- Current monitoring must be non-invasive: no modification to rectifier
- DC current ~1-20 A range
- Output must be ~0-10 V range (MADC)
- Goal is an ACNET parameter for anode current, alarmable (email notify)



Source: www.aimdynamics.com

Beam Pipe – Berm Pipe Isolation



Source: Mike Geelhoed

- Torlon spacers electrically isolate the berm pipe from the beam pipe
- Question: is CP system safe to have on during tunnel access?
- Measure potential across Torlon. If not safe, tie CP into ESS or insulate.
- Pictured: upstream G2.
- **Update 5/11/16:** berm pipe to beam pipe potential ~mV, perfectly safe.

Goals

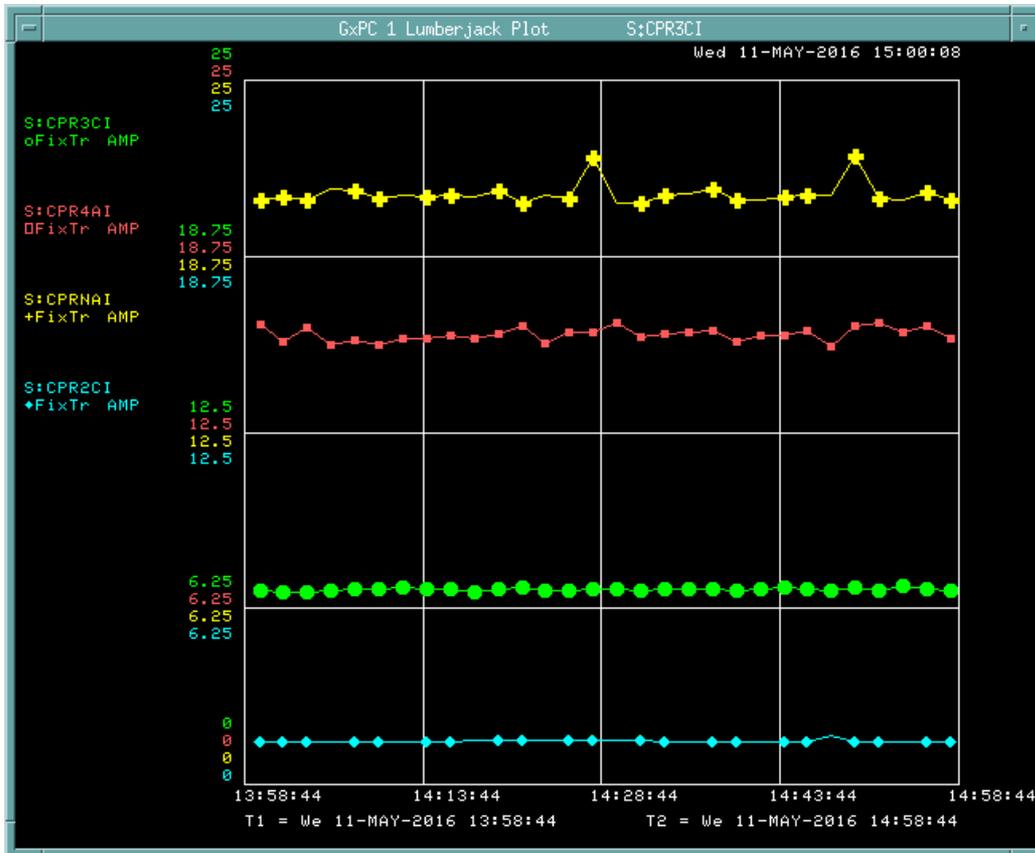
- Monitor rectifier currents via ACNET 
- Verify with FESS that annual system inspections are scheduled and ongoing 
- Measure potential across Torlon insulator (i.e. berm pipe to beam pipe) 
- Implement CP for NM1-NM2: very involved, contractor estimate, drilling, cable pulls, rectifier installation. Total cost ~\$35,000 (not a quote, based on previous installation at SSB)

Cathodic Protection O&M Recommendations

- Monitor the DC outputs of each CP rectifier no less than once every 60 days. Changes in total DC amperage of $\pm 10\%$ without any proportional change in DC voltage merit attention.
- I also recommend that FNAL contract a NACE-certified CP Specialist to conduct annual CP maintenance inspections for this new installation and other critical facility structures equipped with CP rectifiers.

Source: Jeff Schramuk, CP Solutions

Monitor rectifier currents: complete!



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D97 Cathodic Protection          SET      D/A  A/D  Com-U  ♦PTools♦
-<FTP>+ *SA♦ X-A/D X=TIME        Y=D:Q024 ,D:Q024V ,D:Q024F
COMMAND ---- Eng-U I= 0         I= 0     , 0     , 0
-<27>+ Once AUTO F= 12          F= 800   , 20   , 800
spork ... crews fish mars flomp BUNNY talos oper griz camac

|---- SSB
! PS#2: 2 anode, 1 cathode
S:CPR2CI      SSB CP R2 cath. current          1.513 AMP
! PS#3: 1 anode, 1 cathode
S:CPR3CI      SSB CP R3 cath. current          6.812 AMP

|---- G2
! PS#1: 1 anode, 1 cathode (RN)
S:CPRNAI      G2 CP RN anode current           20.65 AMP
! PS#4: 1 anode, 2 cathode (R4)
S:CPR4AI      G2 CP R4 anode current           16.12 AMP
    
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Backup slides: construction pictures

Source: CP Solutions

Distributed Vertical Anode Column



Drill well (~60 ft.)



Insert anode column



Fill with bentonite and coke

Distributed Vertical Anode Column



Install junction box at anode column



Pour concrete pad



Wire junction box

Distributed Vertical Anode Column



Dig trench for anode cable to service building



Wire anode cable to service building pull-box



Install and wire rectifier