

Strong Transverse Coupling in the Tevatron*

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Fermilab

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Outline:

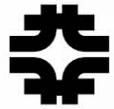
Evidence of Strong Coupling

Investigations of Possible Source Terms

Source(s) Revealed and Remediation

Conclusions

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Initial Tevatron Operation

- **As-built and commissioned in 1983:**
 - **Quad Alignment:** $d_{rms} = 0.5 \text{ mm} \rightarrow \theta_{rms} \sim 20 \text{ } \mu\text{rad}$
 - **Quad Roll:** $\phi_{rms} = 1 \text{ mrad} \rightarrow \delta\nu_{min} \sim 0.01$
 - **Measured orbit distortions, tune separations agreed with predictions**
 - **Single distributed (0th harmonic) skew quadrupole circuit used to bring minimum tune separation to $\delta\nu_{min} \sim 0.001$**
 - This “SQ” circuit ran at about 0.3 Amp at injection, or about 2 Amp at 800 GeV (out of 50 Amp supply)



Evidence of Strong Coupling

Twenty years later ...

- **Coupling Correctors Running Strong**
 - SQ circuit running ~15x stronger than in 1984
 - If SQ were to be turned off, would result in $\delta v_{min} \sim 0.3$!!
 - Additional skew quads being used for tuning δv_{min}
 - in particular, use individual quads out of phase ($v_y - v_x$) with SQ
- **Emittance Growth at Injection**
 - Larger for larger momentum spread (coalesced bunches)
 - $\Delta \epsilon_y = 5\pi$ mm-mrad consistent with $\Delta D_y \sim 1$ m and $\sigma_p/p \sim 7 \times 10^{-4}$
- **Vertical Dispersion “*Pattern*” (not random)**
 - Peak values $\Delta D_y \sim 0.8$ m
- **Hor/Ver Transverse Beam Dampers**
 - Cross-talk between planes hindered their commissioning



Estimates of Source Terms

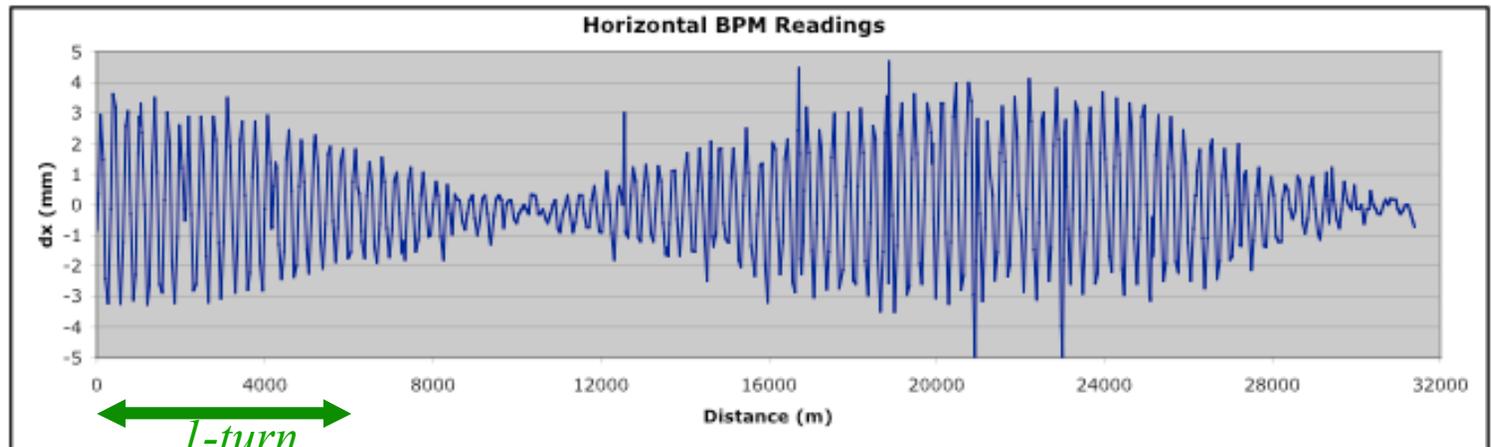
- **Arc Quad alignment:**
 - If take $\phi_{rms} \sim 2$ mrad (large), then $\delta v_{min} \sim (2/\pi) \phi_{rms} \sqrt{N} = 0.02$
 - Not large enough to explain observations
- **Was thought perhaps IR quads were an issue (as in Run I)**
 - No direct evidence of largely rolled quads in IR's
- **Also found regions of systematically rolled dipole magnets, which subsequently induced large vertical orbit excursions through large (1/2 km) regions of the Tevatron**
 - Systematic vertical offsets through dipole magnets (with sextupole moments) could generating coupling
 - these effects could account for $\sim 10\%$ of the effect, at best
- **One year ago (Feb 03), measurements performed which showed conclusively that source of coupling was distributed uniformly around the circumference...**



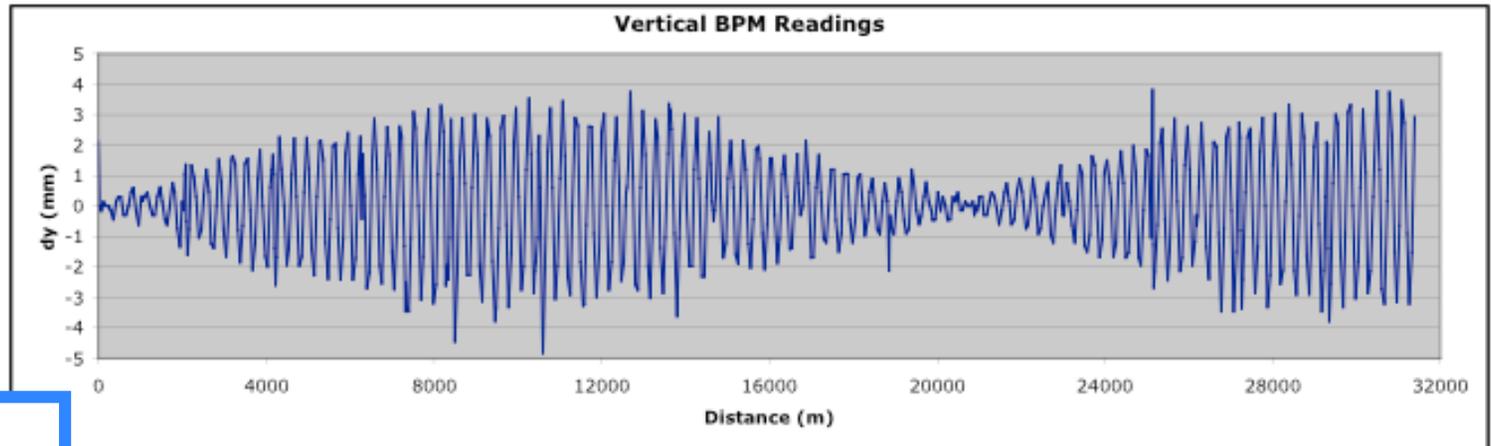
The Measurement ...

Inject with horizontal oscillation and look for source of vertical oscillation...

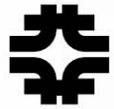
Hor BPM's



Ver BPM's



The source is
everywhere!



Interpretation

- Suggested that skew quad term, a_1 , in main dipoles had large systematic value

$$\delta y'_n = 4\theta_0 a_1 (x_0 \cos n\mu) \quad (\text{at } n^{\text{th}} \text{ half-cell, with 4 dipoles/half cell})$$

so,
$$\Delta y_N = \Sigma (4x_0\theta_0 a_1 \cos n\mu) \langle \beta \rangle \sin(N-n)\mu \quad (\text{after } N \text{ half-cells})$$

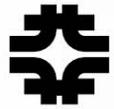
which is an oscillation of amplitude

$$4\langle \beta \rangle \theta_0 a_1 x_0 (N/2) = x_0 \quad \text{when } N \sim 300 \text{ (1.5 turns)}$$

$$\implies a_1 = (\partial B_x / \partial x) / B_0 = (2\theta_0 \langle \beta \rangle N)^{-1} \sim 1 \times 10^{-4} / \text{in.}$$

- Similar value agreed with the observed corrector settings for minimizing tune split...

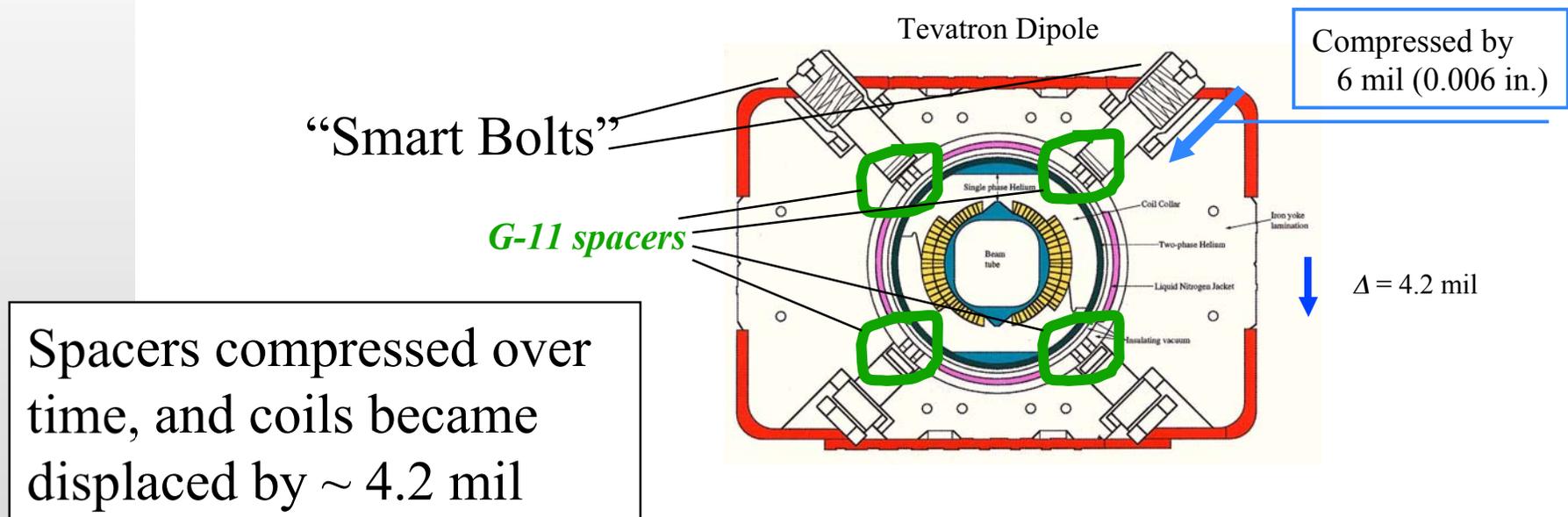
$$\Delta \nu_{\min} = 2 F a_1 \sim 2 (25 \text{ m})(1 \times 10^{-4} / \text{in.})(\text{in.} / 0.0254 \text{ m}) = 0.2$$



The Smoking Gun

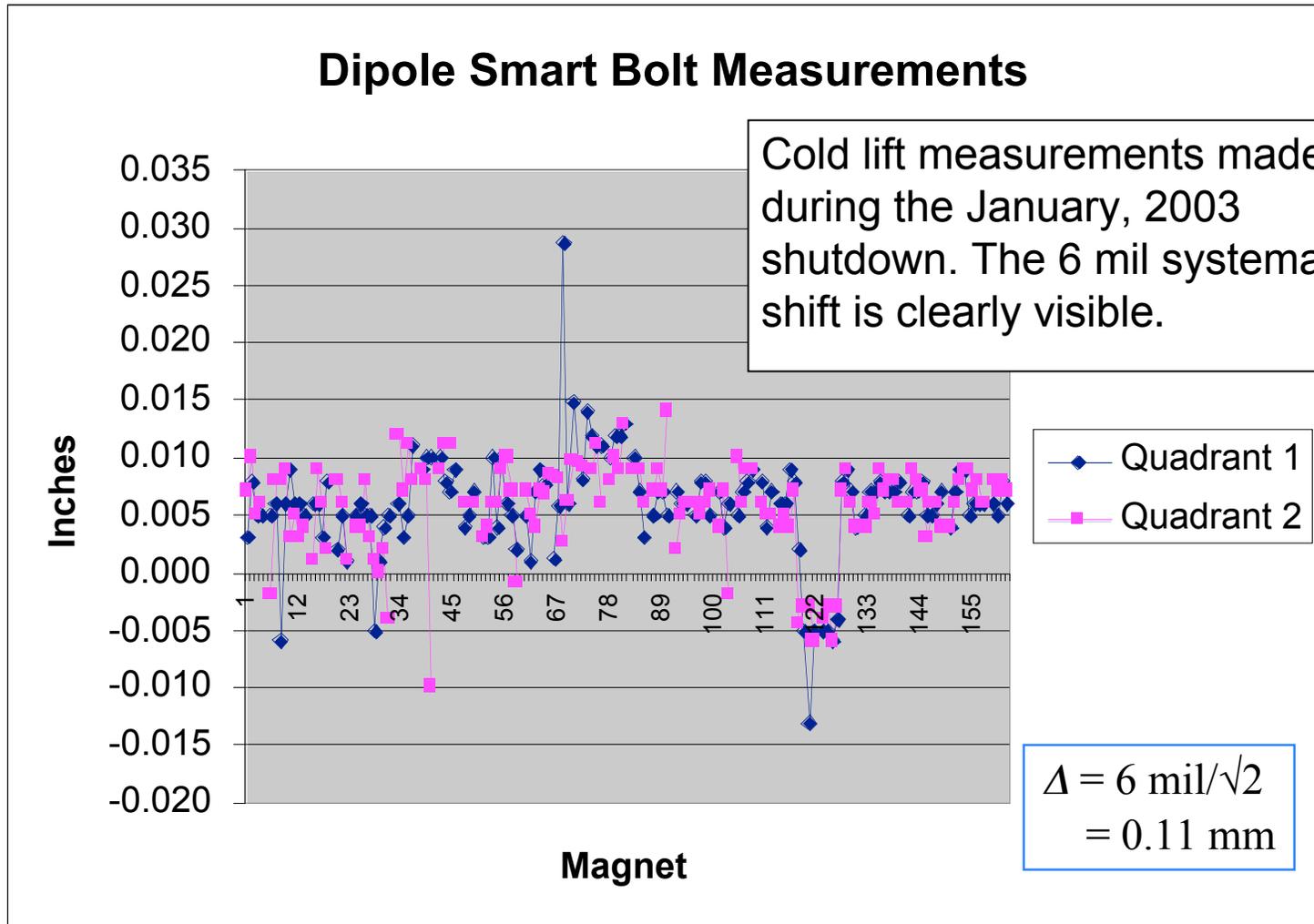
Just before the experiment, during a routine shutdown, technicians were sent to the Tevatron tunnel to measure coil placements (via “Smart Bolts”) to look for rotations inside the iron yoke.

What they found: *vertical coil displacements!*



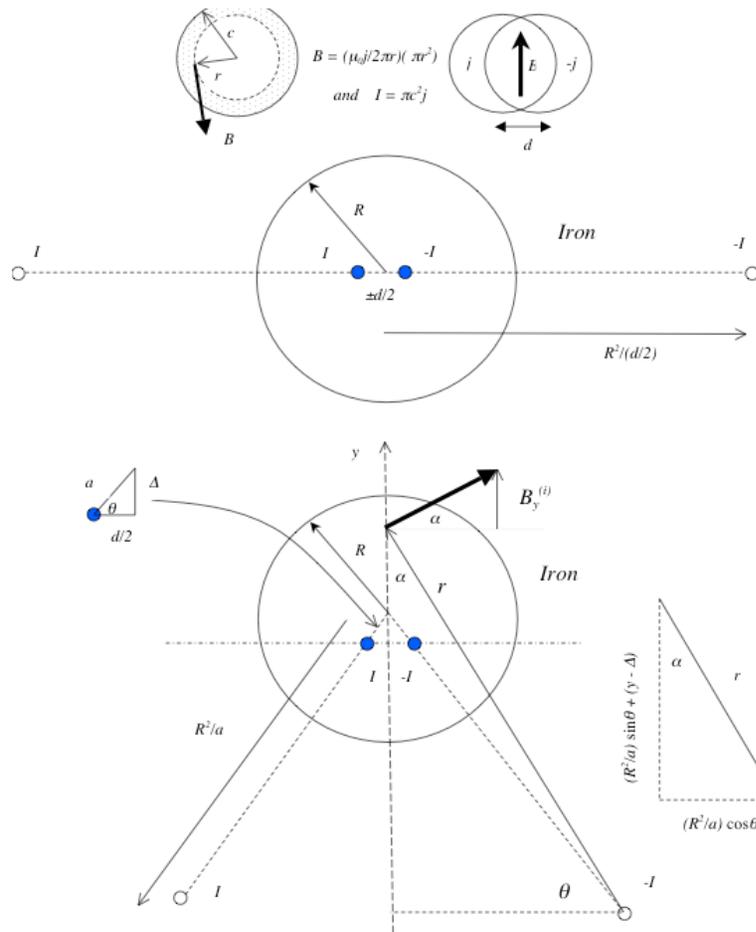


Coil Measurements





Estimate of Skew Quad Field



Start with uniform current density within a cylindrical cross section; look at field from 2 such cross sections, separated by distance d , and with equal/opposite current densities
 --> pure dipole field, B_c

Next, add an iron yoke of radius R and compute magnetic images, which will be located left and right, and which enhance the field in the center:

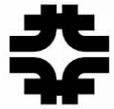
$$B_0 \sim B_c [1 + (c/R)^2]$$

Finally, displace the center of the yoke with respect to the center of the coil by a distance Δ , and compute the resulting skew quadrupole component,

$$a_1 = (dB_x/dx)/B_0$$

$$a_1 = 2 \frac{(c/R)^2}{1 + (c/R)^2} \frac{\Delta}{R^2} = 2 \frac{0.25}{1.25} \frac{0.004}{(3.8)^2 \text{ in}} = 1.1 \times 10^{-4} / \text{in}$$

← **Result**

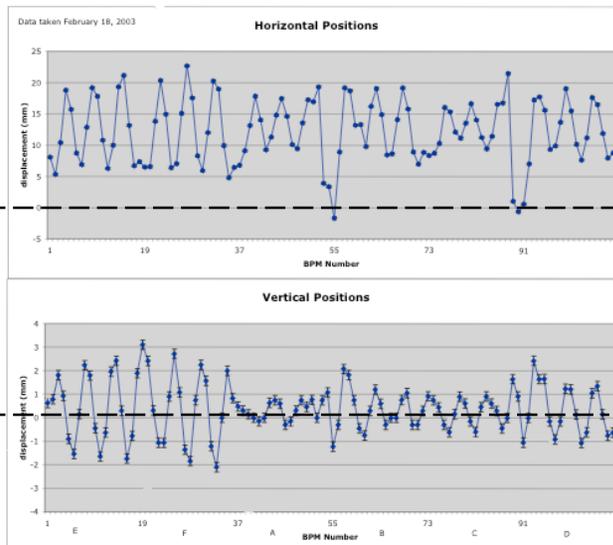


Local Coupling

due to Non-local Correction

- During low-beta optics upgrade in Run Ib, several (6 out of 48) skew quadrupole correctors were removed to make room for IR tuning quads; thus, there are “holes” of missing correctors on each side of each IR -- nominally would correct for ~53 dipoles at each IR (asymmetric w.r.t. center of straight section); felt was “OK” for δv_{min} adjustments, but ...
- The centers of these regions are not in phase with the main SQ circuit (remaining 42 quads); thus an additional skew quad circuit -- 2 quads in the A0 straight -- which is out of phase with the main SQ circuit is effective at further reducing Δv_{min} .
- A0 straight section has horizontal dispersion, and thus these correctors represent new sources of vertical dispersion, accounting for the observed pattern

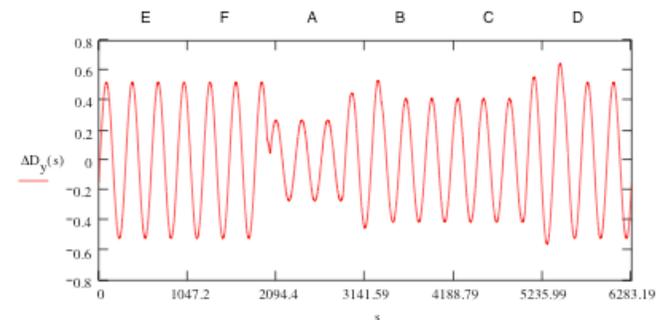
(measured)
H dispersion



V dispersion



Vertical Dispersion from Simple model of Tevatron Corrector Settings and missing SQ correctors





First Pass at Remedial Action

- **Winter 03/04 Shutdown allowed some work to be done, though with limited manpower would take months to fix all 776 dipole magnets**
- **During this shutdown, the 106 dipole magnets in the 2 IR regions where skew quad correctors no longer exist had their cold masses shimmed *in situ* to make their $a_1 = 0$.**
- **Additional 12 dipole magnets at ends of other 4 Tevatron straight sections, also out of phase with main circuit, later shimmed as well.**
- **The skew quad circuits now running at lower currents, though not optimal.**
- **Vertical dispersion was reduced by ~50%.**
- **Further optimization in skew circuits may be possible; have not had appropriate Tevatron study time to pursue.**



Conclusions

- **Strong coupling due to displaced coils within dipole magnets led to large systematic skew quad terms throughout the Tevatron**
- **Skew quad correctors in IR regions had been removed from main circuit during IR upgrades in Run I**
 - This eventually led to non-local correction of minimum tune split, generating vertical dispersion, and
 - generated large regions of local coupling
 - emittance growth at injection from optics mismatch
 - “coupled” transverse damper system
- **Over past few months, Tevatron dipole magnet coils in regions without appropriate correctors have been shimmed to reduce a_1**
 - Reduced coupling corrector strengths proportionately
 - Vertical dispersion reduced by 50%, emittance growth reduced 75%
- **Looking at plans to gradually correct remaining 658 magnets**
 - Must fix magnets in a pattern consistent with corrector system
- ***Thanks to many:* D. Edwards, G. Annala, N. Gelfand, J. Johnstone, M. Martens, T. Sen, D. Harding, J. Carson, J. Volk, R. Stefanski, ...**