### Project X Strategy and Status: A Discussion

Steve Holmes Accelerator Physics & Technology Seminar March 16, 2010



# **Outline**



- Goals
- Constraints
- Evolution of Project X & Strategy
- Discussion

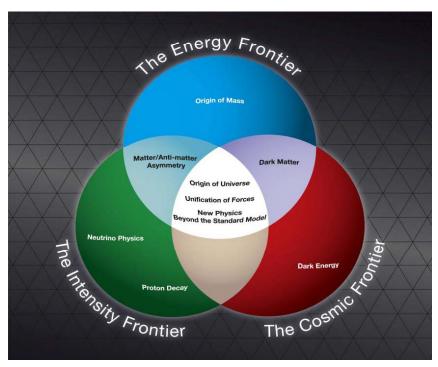






Reconfigure the Fermilab accelerator complex to support a worldleading elementary particle physics program over the next >2 decades.

- ⇒Establish a world-leading intensity frontier program at Fermilab
- ⇒Use this program as a bridge to recapturing the energy frontier





# Goals



- The most reliable path toward meeting these goals is via the construction of a multi-MW Proton Source, Project X, at Fermilab
- Intensity Frontier:
  - $NuMI \rightarrow NO_{V}A \rightarrow LBNE/mu2e \rightarrow Project X \rightarrow Rare Processes \rightarrow NuFact$ 
    - Continuously evolving world leading program in neutrino and rare processes physics
- Energy Frontier:
  - $\text{Tevatron} \rightarrow \text{ILC or Muon Collider}$ 
    - Technology alignment
    - Fermilab as host site for ILC or MC



#### Constraints Physics



- Project X in its initial configuration must support a compelling physics program, and this program must have the strong endorsement of the U.S. elementary particle physics community
- The P5 report, accepted by HEPAP, defines a mission with strong community support:
  - Long baseline neutrino beam
    - 2 MW proton source at 60 120 GeV
  - High intensity, low energy protons for kaon and muon based precision experiments
    - Several hundred kWs
    - Operations simultaneous with the neutrino program.
  - A path toward a future muon facility neutrino factory or muon collider
    - Requires upgrade potential to 2-4 MW at ~5-15 GeV.
- $\Rightarrow$  We have (and will) preserved these three elements as the central mission definition for Project X.



#### **Constraints** Physics Uncertainties



- Neutrinos: Value of  $sin^2 2\theta_{13}$ 
  - This parameter is the key to the reach of the long baseline neutrion program
    - Determines the ability to measure the mass hierarchy and CP violation
  - It has not been measured, but it is known to be <0.2
  - It needs to be >0.005 to give access to CP violation based on a very massive detector at DUSEL and 2 MW beam from Fermilab over 5 years.
  - We will know by around 2012 if  $sin^22\theta_{13}$  is greater than or less than  ${\sim}0.02$

# ⇒ What total investment in LBNE and Project X makes sense before we know what this number is?



#### Constraints Physics



• Rare Process: Must provide an appropriate beam energy, beam power, and duty factor

	Proton Energy (kinetic)	Beam Power	Beam Timing
Rare Muon decays	2-3 GeV	>500 kW	1 kHz – 160 MHz
(g-2) measurement	8 GeV	20-50 kW	30- 100 Hz.
Rare Kaon decays	2.6 – 4 GeV	>500 kW	20 – 160 MHz. (<50 psec pings)
Precision K <sup>0</sup> studies	2.6 – 3 GeV	> 100 mA (internal target)	20 – 160 MHz. (<50 psec pings)
Neutron and exotic nuclei EDMs	1.5-2.5 GeV	>500 kW	> 100 Hz

#### ⇒Need a compelling physics case that will be embraced by the community



#### **Constraints** Department of Energy



- Policy
  - Energy strategy is the priority within the Department of Energy
- DOE 413.3
  - Project X is subject to the standard CD-0, 1, 2, 3, 4 process; however...
  - Project X is a "Major System" (>\$750M), requiring higher level of approval and scrutiny than, e.g. NOvA, MicroBoone, Mu2e (LBNE is also a Major System)
- DOE wants/expects an integrated strategy for the laboratory
  - The DOE strategy puts Project X in line after Mu2e and LBNE
  - Both Mu2e (Nov. 2009) and LBNE (Jan. 2010) have received CD-0
  - DOE has told us that Project X is <u>at least</u> one year behind LBNE
- Fiscal
  - Mu2e + LBNE + Project X is of order \$2B.
  - The DOE has not expressed a willingness to increase the HEP budget significantly
  - $\Rightarrow$  DOE has expressed a desire to keep Project X < \$1B, or to develop staging options with an initial phase <\$1B



#### Constraints Resources



- ⇒ While we would have preferred to have received CD-0 at this point, we are receiving very substantial financial support from DOE for Project X and SRF development (not including ILC):
  - \$39M in FY10
  - \$50M in FY11

- However, there remain severe (people) resource constraints within the laboratory
  - The DOE does not want to see the laboratory staff grow
  - Several major projects underway at the lab (NOvA, DECam, MicroBoone, Mu2e, LBNE, (APUL))
  - This will be ameliorated somewhat once Run II ends



#### **Constraints** Relationships



- Relationship to other programs
  - We are in the process of reorienting SRF development activities toward Project X.
    - This must be done without compromising commitments to the ILC/GDE: ILCTA\_NML rf unit test
  - We must develop a sufficient understanding of Muon Accelerator requirements to build and site Project X in a manner that allows utilization (after upgrades) as a muon front end.

#### Collaborators

- We are currently collaborating with nine national and four international institutions during the R&D phase
- The potential role of India may be critical to establishment of PX
  - Strong interest in applications of this technology to ADS
- Potential interest from other offices within DOE?



#### Constraints Bottom Line



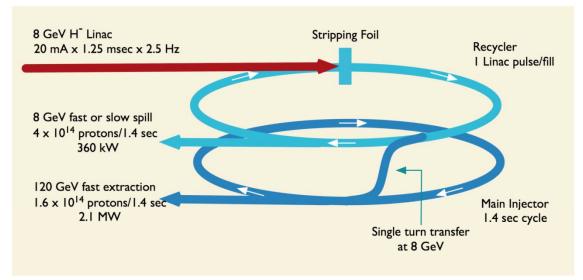
⇒ There are many constraints and uncertainties; and dealing with them requires a <u>flexible</u> strategy



#### Strategy and Evolution Initial Configuration-1 (IC-1)



#### Initial Configuration-1



- Strong alignment with ILC technologies
- Initial Configuration Document-1 V1.1 released March 2009
  - Accompanying cost estimate \$1.5B
  - Subject of Director's Review March 2009



#### Strategy and Evolution Initial Configuration-1

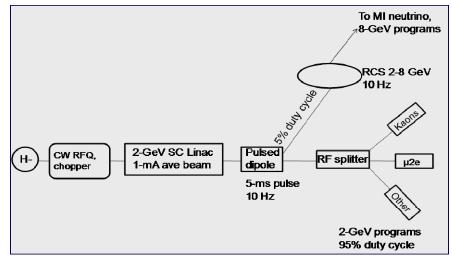


- Issue: IC-1 does not provide a strong platform for mounting a low energy rare processes program
  - These programs require high duty factor beams with varying bunch structures
  - The Recycler is ill-suited to providing high intensity slow spilled beam
  - The Debuncher appears limited to <150 kW in this mode
  - We believe there is a fundamental limit on the amount of beam power that can be delivered via a resonant extraction system.
  - Difficulties supporting multiple users

#### $\Rightarrow$ These considerations led to the development of IC-2

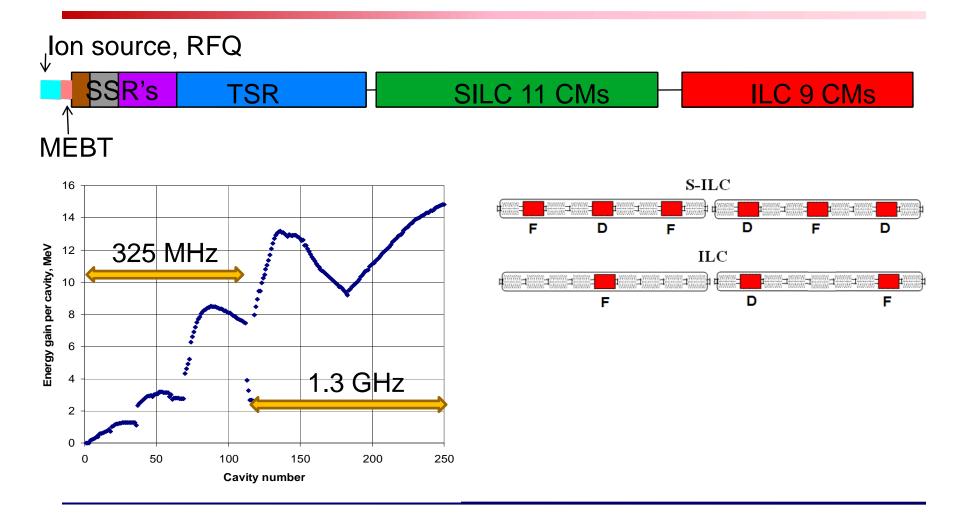


Initial Configuration-2, version 1



- Linac configuration (to 2 GeV) unchanged except for CW
- Greatly enhanced capabilities for rare process program
  - 2 MW and flexible provision for beam requirements
  - Supports multiple users
- Initial Configuration Document-2V1.0 released March 2010
  - Accompanying cost estimate \$1.6B (unreviewed)

#### Strategy and Evolution Initial Configuration-2v1



**Project X** 



#### Strategy and Evolution Initial Configuration-2v1

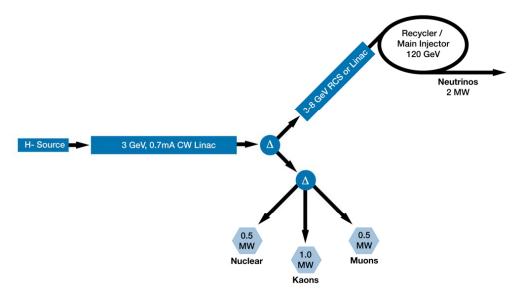


- Issue: IC-2v.1 does not provide a particularly efficient accelerator
  - The issue is primarily related to transit time effects in the lower beta sections
  - A secondary issue is that we would probably prefer a larger beam aperture in the lower energy sections of the linac than provided by a β=0.8, 1300 MHz structure
- Issue: Still less than optimum beam energy for rare processes program
  - Physics task force identified optimum energy range as 2.6-4 GeV for the rare process program (other than g-2)

#### $\Rightarrow$ These considerations led to the development of IC-2v2



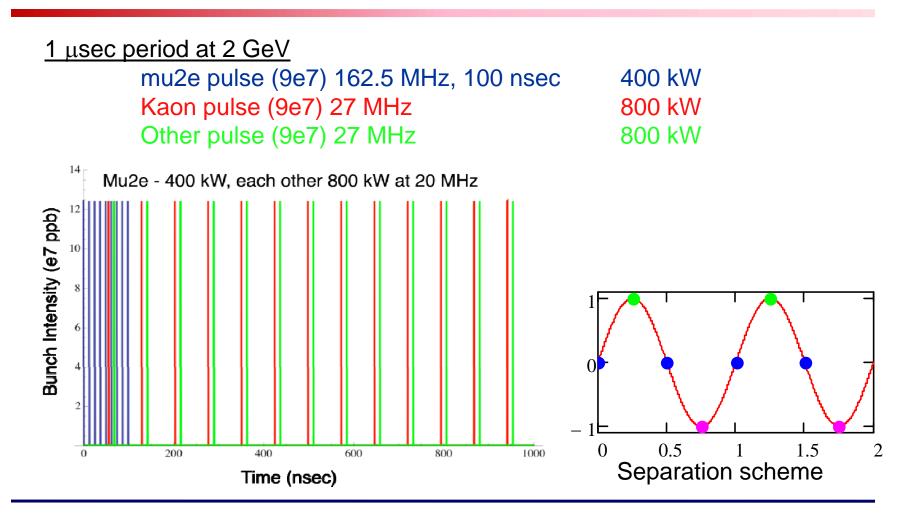
• Initial Configuration-2, version 2



- More efficient linac configuration
- Enhanced capabilities for rare process program
  - 2-3 MW at 3 GeV
- Initial Configuration Document-2V2.0 targeting April 2010 release
  - Accompanying cost estimate targeting April 2010 release

#### **Strategy and Evolution** Initial Configuration-2v1 (IC-2v1)

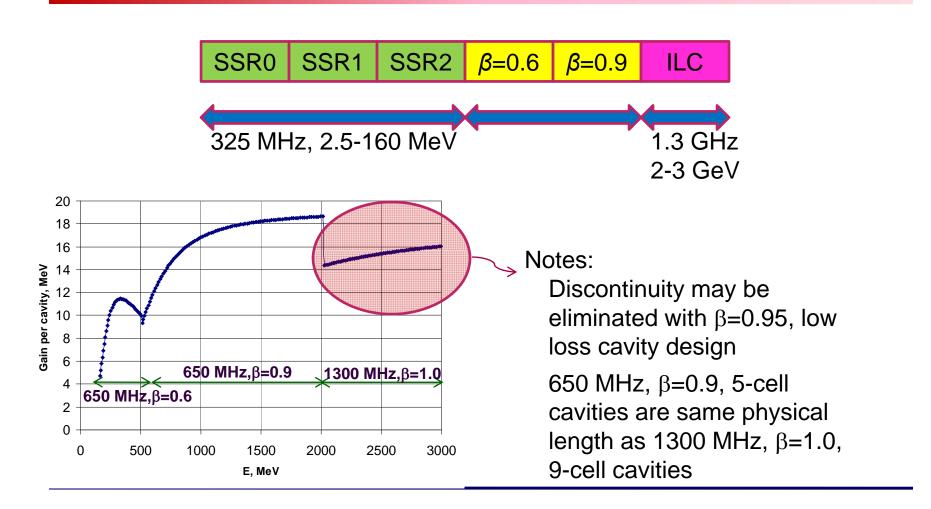




**Project X** 

#### **Strategy and Evolution** Initial Configuration-2v2 (IC-2v2)



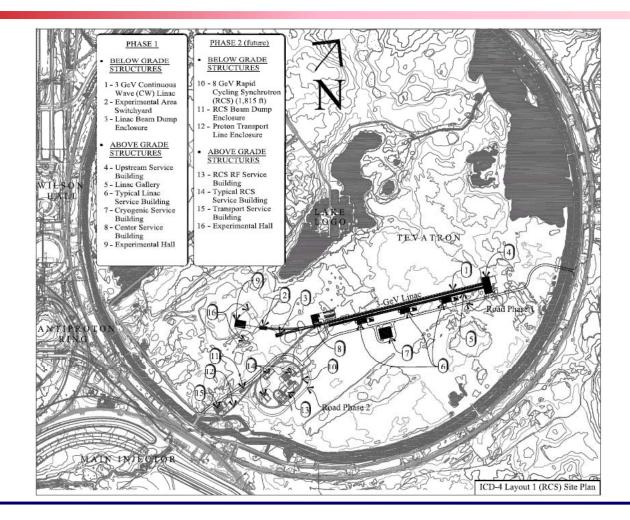


Project X



#### Initial Configuration-2 Provisional Siting







# SRF Development



- We are in the process of integrating all srf development activities at Fermilab under a single management team
  - Project X, ILC, HINS, SRF infrastructure
  - Program is now targeting Project X needs, while retaining commitments to ILC
  - Plan has been discussed withh DOE
  - Program under the management of Bob Kephart



# **SRF Infrastructure**



- Steady progress on SRF infrastructure at FNAL
  - Several new SRF facilities now in full operation
- Vertical Test Stand; tests bare cavities
  - Works! 60 tests so far, 40 in FY09 (achieved design test rate of 5/month)
  - Civil construction complete for 2 more VTS systems (325 and 650 MHz capability)

#### Cryomodule Assembly Facility

- Works! 2 CM assembled in MP9 & ICB: CM1(1.3 GHz) & FLASH(3.9 GHz)
- Completed cavity dressing infrastructure → dressed 7 cavities so far
- Horizontal Test Stand; tests dressed cavities (unique in U.S.)
  - Works ! Five 3.9 GHz tests + Five 1.3 GHz cavities tested so far (faster than DESY!)
  - Two high gradient (> 30 MV/m) dressed "S1-global" cavities shipped to Japan

#### • ANL/FNAL Joint EP Processing; commissioning

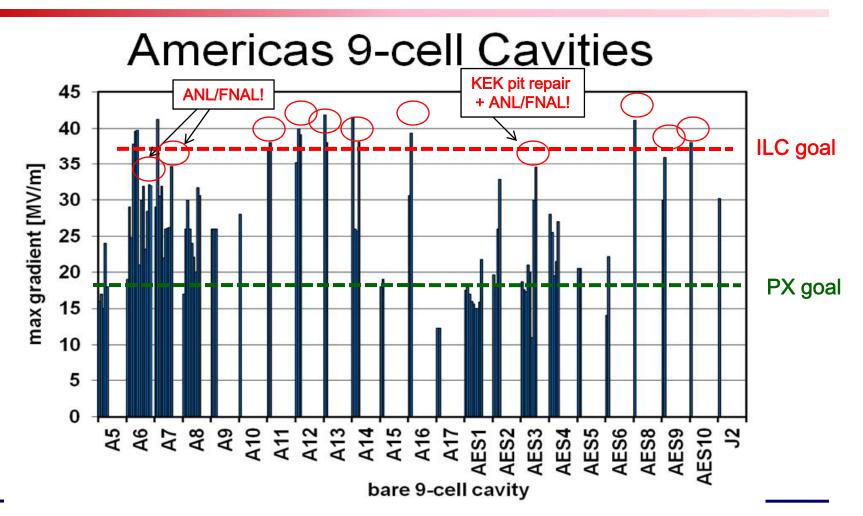
- ~Works ! Excellent results with single and nine cells (two ~ 35 MV/m)
- 6 nine cell EP cycles, 38 High Pressure rinse and assembly cycles!

#### • Excellent progress on RF unit test facility at New Muon Lab



# **ILC Cavity Gradient**







# Integrated SRF Plan Cryomodules



#### U.S. Fiscal Year 2008 FY09 FY10 **FY11 FY12 FY13 FY14** FY15 1.3 GHz Install CM Ass'y CM Test CM1 (Type III+) CM Omnibus Operate Process & VTS/Dress/HTS CM Ass'y swap CM2 (Type III+) Delay Complete RF Unit @ Design 2/3 CM Design Order Cav & CM Parts CM3 (Type IV) Parameters wa CM4 (Type IV) wa CM5 (Type IV) Design CM Install in CM6 (Type IV+) CW Design 1.3 GHz CW CMTF Design Construction NML Extension Building Move injector/install Beam Available to RF Unit test except during installation periods NML Beam beam components (contingent upon cryogenic load/capacity) Desian Construction CMTF Building 650 MHz Single Cell Design & Prototype Five Cell Design & Prototype Order 650 Cav & CM Process & 650 CM Design CM650\_1 Parts VTS/Dress/HTS Ass'y 325 MHz Design (RF & Mechanical) all varieties of Process & Test Prototype SSR0/SSR2 Design & Prototype Spoke Reonators (as required) (as required) Procurement Process & VTS/Dress/HTS SSR1 Cavities in Fabrication (14) (already in progress) 325 CM Design Procure 325 CM Parts CM325\_1 Ass'y

Design F	Procure	Process &	Assemble	Install	Commission	
		VTS			& Operate	Page 24
		Dress & HTS				-



#### Integrated SRF Plan Infrastructure



U.S. Fiscal Year		2008		F	Y09			FY	<b>′10</b>			FY	<b>′</b> 11			F١	(12			F	Y13			F	Y14			FY1	15
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325 MHz CM Test Stand @ MDB																Р	rocur	e FNA	<b>NL</b>				CM TS plete						
325 Cryo Distribution Upgrade													TL to HTS					TL to	325 C	CMTS			CDS plete						
MDB Cryo Upgrade (FY15 & beyond)																											Des/a 4th Re		
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Design	Procure	Process &	Assemble	Install	Commission	Page 2
_		VTS			& Operate	
		Dress & HTS				



# Near Term Strategy (~Next 6 months)

- Complete the IC-2v2.0 documentation:
  - ICD-2v2.0
  - Accompanying cost estimate
  - Targeting late April for release
- Update R&D plan to configuration IC-2
- Concentrate RCS effort on critical issues
  - Injection
- Continue work on outstanding technical questions
  - Identify a baseline concept for the chopper
  - Concepts for marrying a 3-8 GeV pulses linac to CW front end
- Establish cost range based on IC-1, IC-2, and identification of cost reduction opportunities
- Conduct Director's Review

 $\Rightarrow$  All cost range/configuration info. available for CD-0 by summer







- Get R&D reoriented toward the IC-2 configuration
  - Emphasis of srf development at all relevant frequencies
  - Consolidation of Project X and SRF infrastructure efforts into common organization with rationalized funding sources
  - Engagement of collaborators
- Identify/engage external collaborators
- Identify/engage stakeholder outside of HEP
- DOE has advised us that the earliest possible dates are:
  - PED funding: FY2012
  - Construction start: FY2015
- We believe that we could construct Project X over a five year time period, assuming a commensurate funding profile

#### $\Rightarrow$ Project X could be up and running ~2020



# **Muon Facilities**



- Project X shares many features with the proton driver required for a Neutrino Factory or Muon Collider
  - NF and MC require ~4 MW @ 10± 5 GeV
  - Primary issues are related to beam "format"
    - NF wants proton beam on target consolidated in a few bunches; Muon Collider requires single bunch
  - Project X linac is not capable of delivering this format



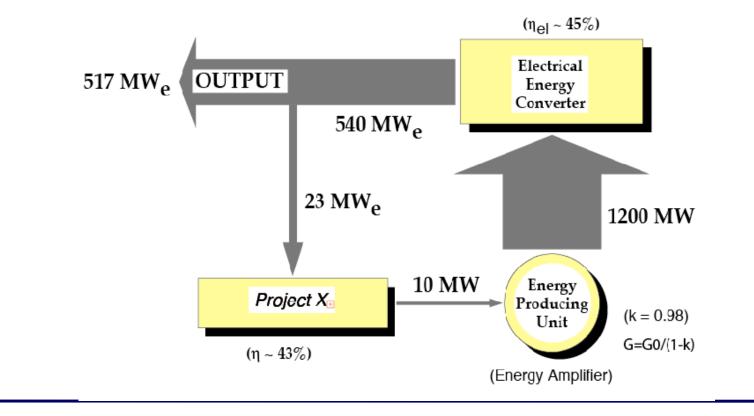
 $\Rightarrow$  It is inevitable that a new ring(s) will be required to produce the correct beam format for targeting.



### **Potential for ADS**



Opportunity to align with energy development initiatives in DOE?





# **Summary**



- Project X is the centerpiece of Fermilab's plan for future development of the accelerator complex.
- We are following a strategy for Project X appropriate to a highly constrained environment
  - The evolution of the design has provided significantly enhanced physics capabilities
  - Work remains in selling the physics program to the community
- Despite the lack of CD-0 we are receiving strong support from DOE for PX and SRF R&D
  - We have an accelerator design which is already quite advanced for CD-0
  - The virtues of the CW linac are apparent to all involved, including DOE
- The CW linac concept will remain the core of the Project X concept as it develops further
  - We will not have a final configuration for Project X until CD-1 (2012?)
  - Need to develop a plan for utilization as a muon facility front end
- Project X will be a unique facility in the world and will give the U.S. ownership of the Intensity Frontier for decades.
- Project X could be constructed over the period ~2015 2019